In problem 1, solve the given initial-value problem.

(1) $y^{1/2} \frac{dy}{dx} + y^{3/2} = 1$, y(0) = 4

In problem 2, solve the given Bernoulli equation by using an appropriate substitution

(2)
$$x\frac{dy}{dx} + y = \frac{1}{y^2}$$

- (3) The differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = P(x) + Q(x)y + R(x)y^2$ is known as Ricatti's equation.
 - (a) A Ricatti equation can be solved by a succession of two substitutions provided we know a particular solution y_1 of the equation. Show that the substitution $y = y_1 + u$ reduces Ricatti's equation to a Bernoulli equation (4) with n = 2. The Bernoulli equation can that be reduced to a linear equation by the substitution $w = u^{-1}$.
 - (b) Find a one-parameter family of solutions for the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{4}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x}y + y^2 \,.$$