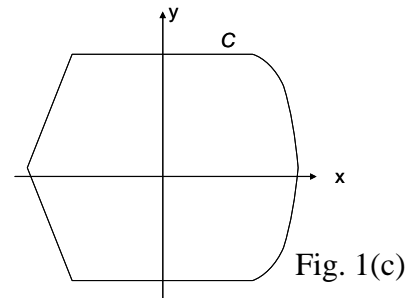
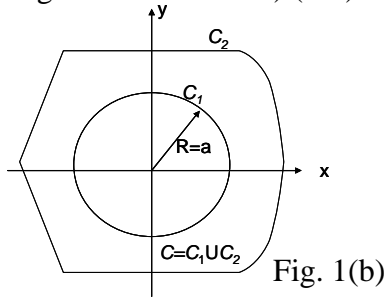
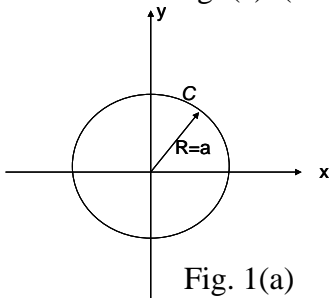


考試科目	開課系級	考試日期	印製份數	答案紙	命題教師	備註
工程數學二	二 A, B	4 月 14 日	111	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 需 <input type="checkbox"/> 不需	陳桂鴻 呂學育	第一次大考

1.  $\vec{F} = \frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2} \vec{i} + \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} \vec{j}$ ; Evaluate  $\oint_C \vec{F} dr$

- (a) C is shown as Fig1(a). (Hint: Using direct integral) (7%)  
 (b) C is shown as Fig1(b). (Hint: Using Green's theorem) (7%)  
 (d) C is shown as Fig1(c). (Hint: Using Green's theorem) (6%)



2.  $\vec{F} = y^3 \vec{i} - x^3 \vec{j} + z^3 \vec{k}$ ; C is the trace of the cylinder  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  in the plane  $x + y + z = 1$ .

- (a) Show that the force is conservative or nonconservative. (5%)  
 (b) Use Stokes's theorem to evaluate  $\oint_C \vec{F} dr$ . (15%)

3. The given vector field  $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = (x\vec{i} + y\vec{j} + z\vec{k}) / (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$ , S is the region bounded by the ellipsoid  $x^2/a^2 + y^2/b^2 + z^2/c^2 = 1$ .

- (a). Find  $\nabla \cdot \vec{F}, \nabla \times \vec{F}$ . (5%)  
 (b). Find the normal vector  $\vec{n}$  of S. (5%)  
 (c). Use the divergence theorem to find the outward flux  $\iint_S (\vec{F} \cdot \vec{n}) dS$  of  $\vec{F}$ . (10%)

4. Suppose  $\vec{r}(t) = t^2 \vec{i} + (t^3 - 2t) \vec{j} + (t^2 - 5t) \vec{k}$  is the position vector of a moving particle. What are its speed, velocity, acceleration, curvature and tangent line at the point (0,0,0)? (15 scores)

5. If S is the portion of the plane  $x + 2y + 3z = 6$  in the first octant. For  $\vec{F} = y\vec{i} + z\vec{j} + x\vec{k}$

- (1) find the area of S (5 scores)  
 (2) find the upper unit normal of S (5 scores)  
 (3) use Stokes' theorem to evaluate  $\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ , where the curve C is the boundary of S and C is oriented counterclockwise as viewed from above. (10 scores)

6. If S is the surface of the region bounded by  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ ,  $z = \sqrt{16 - x^2 - y^2}$ ,  $z = 0$ .

$$\vec{F} = -y^3 \vec{i} - x^3 \vec{j} + z^3 \vec{k}$$

- (1) find the volume of the solid bounded by  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ ,  $z = \sqrt{16 - x^2 - y^2}$ ,  $z = 0$ . (10 scores)  
 (2) use the divergence theorem to find the outward flux  $\iint_S (\vec{F} \cdot \vec{n}) dS$  (15 scores)