

1. 傅立葉積分

若函數 $f(x)$ 在整個區間內 $[-\infty, \infty]$ 都有定義，且 $f(x)$ 為非週期函數，如何處理？

我們可視為某個週期函數 $g_\ell(x)$ ，當 $\ell \rightarrow \infty$ 時的極限情形。

定義 $g_\ell(x) = f(x)$ ， $-\ell < x < \ell$ ，再將 2ℓ 為週期拓展到整個區間

$[-\infty, \infty]$ 上，於是 $g_\ell(x)$ 的傅立葉級數為

$$g_\ell(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos \frac{n\pi}{\ell} x + b_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{\ell} x \right) \quad (1)$$

其中

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\ell} \int_{-\ell}^{\ell} f(\xi) \cos \frac{n\pi}{\ell} \xi d\xi \quad n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad (2)$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\ell} \int_{-\ell}^{\ell} f(\xi) \sin \frac{n\pi}{\ell} \xi d\xi \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad (3)$$

則

$$g_\ell(x) = \frac{1}{2\ell} \int_{-\ell}^{\ell} f(\xi) d\xi + \frac{1}{\ell} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \int_{-\ell}^{\ell} f(\xi) \cos \frac{n\pi}{\ell} (x - \xi) d\xi \quad (4)$$

令 $\omega_n = \frac{n\pi}{\ell}$ ，則 $\Delta\omega = \omega_{n+1} - \omega_n = \frac{\pi}{\ell}$ ，因此

$$\lim_{\ell \rightarrow \infty} g_\ell(x) = f(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\xi) \cos \omega(x - \xi) d\xi \right] d\omega \quad (5)$$

利用 $\cos \omega(x - \xi) = \cos \omega x \cos \omega \xi + \sin \omega x \sin \omega \xi$ ，可得

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\xi) \cos \omega \xi d\xi \right] \cos \omega x \\ & + \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\xi) \sin \omega \xi d\xi \right] \sin \omega x \end{aligned} \right\} d\omega \quad (6)$$

或改寫為

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} [A_{\omega} \cos \omega x + B_{\omega} \sin \omega x] d\omega \quad (7)$$

其中

$$A_{\omega} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\xi) \cos \omega \xi d\xi \quad (8)$$

$$B_{\omega} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\xi) \sin \omega \xi d\xi \quad (9)$$

結論:

若 $f(x)$ 在任何區間滿足條件

(1) $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(x)| dx$ 存在。

(2) $f(x)$ 與 $f'(x)$ 皆為分段連續。

則 $\int_0^{\infty} [A_{\omega} \cos \omega x + B_{\omega} \sin \omega x] d\omega = \frac{1}{2} [f(x^+) + f(x^-)]$

2. 傅立葉餘弦積分

若函數 $f(x)$ 為偶函數，則

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} A_{\omega} \cos \omega x d\omega \quad (10)$$

$$A_{\omega} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(\xi) \cos \omega \xi d\xi \quad (11)$$

3. 傅立葉正弦積分

若函數 $f(x)$ 為奇函數，則

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} B_{\omega} \cos \omega x d\omega \quad (12)$$

$$B_{\omega} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(\xi) \sin \omega \xi d\xi \quad (13)$$

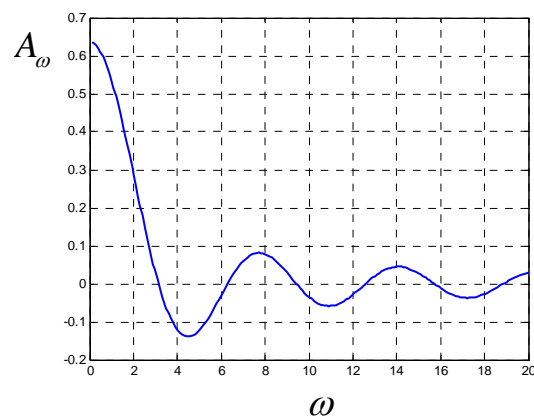
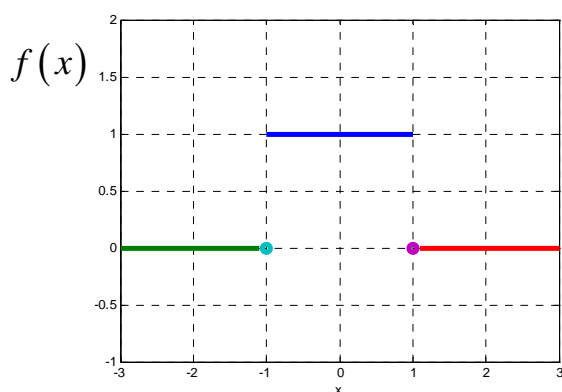
由上顯示，即使 $f(x)$ 之定義域為 $[0, \infty]$ ，而非 $[-\infty, \infty]$ 時，仍可用類似半幅展開的方式處理。

Example 14.1

$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0 & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$ ，試以傅立葉積分式表之。

Ans: $f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} A_{\omega} \cos \omega x d\omega$; $A_{\omega} = \frac{2 \sin \omega}{\pi \omega}$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{2 \sin \omega}{\pi \omega} \cos \omega x d\omega = \begin{cases} 1 & -1 < x < 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & x = \pm 1 \\ 0 & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$

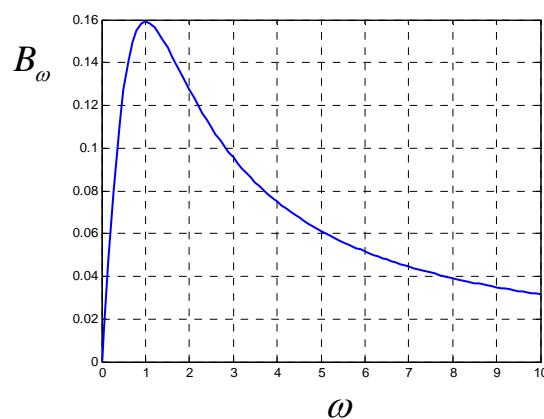
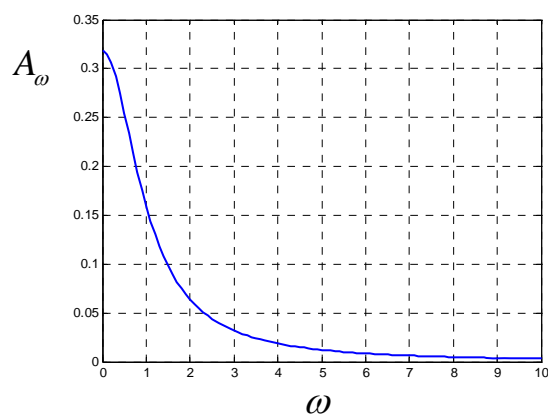
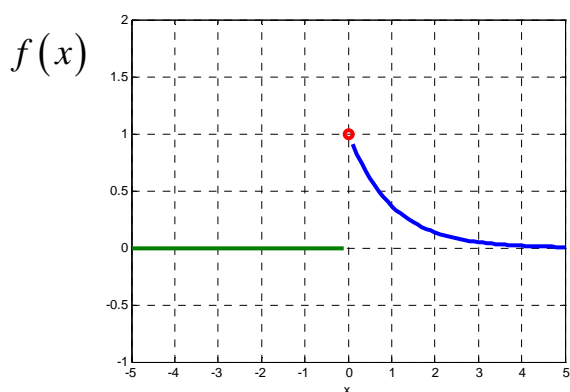


Example

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x} & x > 0 \\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}, \text{ 試以傅立葉積分式表之。}$$

Ans: $f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} [A_{\omega} \cos \omega x + B_{\omega} \sin \omega x] d\omega$;

$$A_{\omega} = \frac{1}{\pi(1+\omega^2)} \quad ; \quad B_{\omega} = \frac{\omega}{\pi(1+\omega^2)}$$



Example

由上述結果，試求 $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos x}{1+x^2} dx$ 。

Ans: $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos x}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\pi e^{-1}}{2}$

Example 14.3

$f(x) = e^{-kx}$ for $x \geq 0$, with k a positive constant.

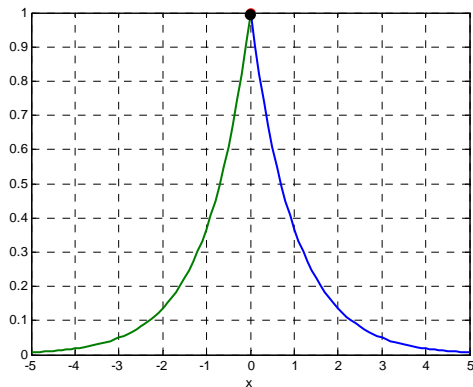
For the Fourier cosine integral:

$f(x) = e^{-kx} = \frac{2k}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \omega x}{k^2 + \omega^2} d\omega$, and $f(x)$ converges to e^{-kx} for $x \geq 0$.

For the Fourier sine integral:

$f(x) = e^{-kx} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\omega \sin \omega x}{k^2 + \omega^2} d\omega$, and $f(x)$ converges to e^{-kx} for $x > 0$.

偶函數形式展開



奇函數形式展開

